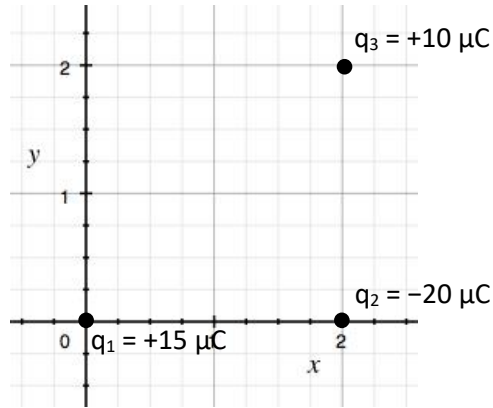
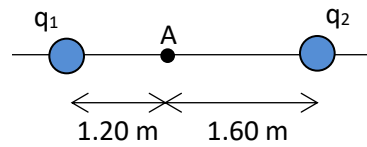


Review Problems for Chapters 19-20 Test

1. Three point charges are located in a plane, as in the diagram below. Find the net force (magnitude and direction) acting on q_3 .



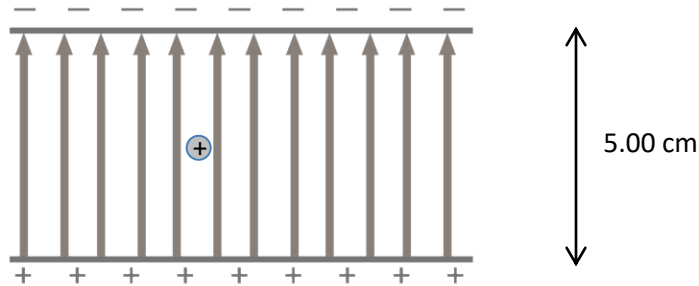
2. In the diagram at right, each sphere carries a charge of $+2.00 \mu\text{C}$.



- What is the electric field at point A due to q_1 ?
- What is the electric field at point A due to q_2 ?
- What is the electric field at point A due to both spheres?
- Draw appropriate field lines.

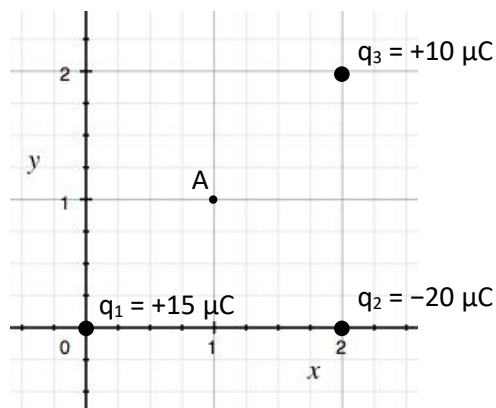
3. In a cathode ray tube, an electron starting from rest is accelerated through a potential difference of 20 kV. The electron's mass is $9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$. What is its final velocity?

4. A proton is suspended in mid-air between two charged plates, as shown below. The plates are separated by a distance of 5.00 cm. The proton's mass is $1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$. What is the voltage between the plates?



5. Three point charges are located in a plane, as in the diagram below.

- Find the electric field vector (magnitude and direction) at point A.
- Find the potential at point A.



6. Why would you be safe inside a car during a lightning storm?

7. A $48.0\text{-}\mu\text{F}$ parallel plate capacitor is connected to a 12-V battery and fully charged. How much positive charge does it carry? How much negative charge does it carry?

8. The plates of a capacitor consist of two 2.00-m^2 sheets of copper separated by a 0.10-mm sheet of teflon, whose dielectric constant is 2.1 . How much charge will have to be put on the plates to produce a potential difference of 20.0 V across them?

9. A capacitor is connected to a 9.0-V battery and receives a charge of $20.0\ \mu\text{C}$. How much energy does the capacitor store?

10. A 20-pF capacitor with a mica dielectric of thickness 0.50-mm is connected to a 12-V battery, as shown below. The dielectric constant of mica is 4.8 .

a. What is the area of the plates?

b. How much energy is stored in the capacitor?

